



**शहीद महेन्द्र कर्मा विश्वविद्यालय, बस्तर, जगदलपुर (छ.ग.)**

**SHAHEED MAHENDRA KARMA VISHWAVIDYALAYA, BASTAR  
JAGDALPUR (C.G.)**

**SYLLABUS**  
**B.A. PART-III**  
**SESSION 2021-22**

**शहीद महेन्द्र कर्मा विश्वविद्यालय, बस्तर, जगदलपुर (छ.ग.)**  
**SHAHEED MAHENDRA KARMA VISHWAVIDYALAYA, BASTAR JAGDALPUR, (C.G.)**

**REVISED ORDINANCE NO.11**

(As per State U.G.C. Scheme)

**BACHELOR OF ARTS**

1. The three year course have been broken up in to three Parts.  
Part-I Examination : at the end of the first year.  
Part-II Examination : at the end of the second year and  
Part-III Examination : at the end of the third year.
2. A candidate who after passing (10-2) or intermediate examination of C.G. Board of Secondary Education, Raipur or any other examination recognised by the University or C.G. Board of Secondary Education as equivalent thereto, has attended a regular course of study in an affiliated college or in the Teaching Department of the University for one academic year shall be eligible for appearing at the B.A. Part-I examination.
3. A candidate who after passing B.A. Part-I examination of the University or any other examination recognised by the University as equivalent thereto has attended a regular course of study for one academic year in an affiliated college or in the Teaching Department of the University shall be eligible for appearing at the B.A. Part II Examination.
4. A candidate who after passing B.A. Part II examination of the University has completed a regular course of study for one academic year in an affiliated college or in the Teaching Department of the University shall be eligible for appearing at the B.A. Part-III examination.
5. Besides regular students, subject to their compliance with this ordinance, ex-students and non-collegiate candidates shall be eligible for admission to the examination as per provisions of Ordinance N. 6 relating to Examinations (General). Provided that non-collegiate candidates shall be permitted to offer only such subjects/papers as are taught to the regular students at any of the University Teaching Department or College.
6. Every candidate for the Bachelor of Arts examination shall be examined in : A.  
Foundation Course :
  - i) Group B - Hindi Language
  - ii) Group C - English LanguageB. Three Core subjects : One subject from any three groups out of the following six groups :
  1. Sociology/Ancient Indian History/Anthropology.
  2. Political Science/Home Science/Vocational Course.

3. Hindi Literature/Sanskrit Literature/Urdu Literature/Math.
  4. Economics/Music/Linguistics/Defence studies.
  5. Philosophy/Psychology/Geography/Education/Management.
  6. History/English Literature/Statistics.
  7. Practicals (if necessary) for each core subject.
7. Any candidate who has passed the B.A. examination of the University shall be allowed to present himself for examination in any of additional subjects prescribed for the B.A. examination and not taken by him at the degree examination. Such candidate will have to first appear and pass the B.A. Part I examination in the subject which he proposes to offer and then the B.A. Part II and Part III examination in the same subject. Successful candidate will be given a certificate to that effect.
8. In order to pass at any part of the three year degree course examination, an examinee must obtain not less than 33% of the total marks in each subject/group of subjects. In subject/group of subjects, where both theory and practical examination are provided, an examinee must pass in both theory and practical parts of the examination separately.
9. Candidate will have to pass separately at the Part-I, Part II and part-III examination. No division shall be assigned on the result of the Part-I and Part-II examination. In determining the division of the Final examination, total marks obtained by the examinees, in their Part-I, Part-II and Part-III examination in the aggregate shall be taken into account. Candidate will not be allowed to change subjects after passing Part I Examination.
- Provided in case of candidate who has passed the examination through the supplementary examination having failed in one subject only the total aggregate marks being carried over for determining the division shall include the actual marks obtained in the subject in which he appeared at the supplementary examination.
10. Successful examinees at the Part-III examination obtaining 60% or more marks shall be placed in the First division, those obtaining less than 60% but not less than 45% marks in the Second division and other successful examinees in the third division.

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**SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

	<b>Subject</b>	<b>Paper</b>	<b>Max. Marks</b>	<b>Min. Marks</b>
<b>A. Compulsory Subject - Foundation Course :</b>				
	Hindi Language	I	75	26
	English Language	I	75	26
<b>B. Three Core Subject :</b>				
1.	Hindi Literature	I	75	
		II	75	150
2.	Sanskrit Literature	I	75	
		II	75	150
3.	English Literature	I	75	
		II	75	150
4.	Philosophy	I	75	
		II	75	150
5.	Economics	I	75	
		II	75	150
6.	Political Science	I	75	
		II	75	150
7.	History	I	75	
		II	75	150
8.	Ancient Indian History	I	50	
	Culture & Archaeology	II	50	100
			Practical	50
				17
9.	Sociology	I	75	
		II	75	150
10.	Geography	I	50	
		II	50	100
			Practical	50
				17
11.	Mathematics	I	50	
		II	50	150
		III	50	
12.	Statistics	I	50	
		II	50	100
			Practical	50
				17

	Subject	Paper		Max. Marks	Min. Marks
13.	Anthropology	I	50	100	33
		II	50		
			Practical	50	17
14.	Linguistics	I	75	150	50
		II	75		
15.	Indian Music	I	50	100	33
		II	50		
			Practical	50	17
16.	Home Science	I	50	100	33
		II	50		
			Practical	50	17
17.	Education	I	75	150	50
		II	75		
18.	Psychology	I	50	100	33
		II	50		
			Practical	50	17
19.	Management	I	75	150	50
		II	75		
20.	Defence Studies	I	50	100	33
		II	50		
			Practical	50	17
21.	Urdu	I	75	150	50
		II	75		

#### USE OF CALCULATORS

The Students of Degree/P.G. Classes will be permitted to use of Calculators in the examination hall from annual 1986 examination on the following conditions as per decision of the standing committee of the Academic Council at its meeting held on 31-1-1986-

1. Student will bring their own Calculators.
2. Calculators will not be provided either by the university or examination centres.
3. Calculators with, memory and following variables be permitted +, -, x, , square, reciprocal, exponents log, square root, trigonometric functions, wize, sine, cosine, tangent etc. factorial summation, xy, yx and in the light of objective approval of merits and demerits of the viva only will be allowed.

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बी.ए./बी.एससी./बी.कॉम./बी.एच.एससी भाग-तीन,  
आधार पाठ्यक्रम  
प्रश्न पत्र-प्रथम  
हिन्दी भाषा

पूर्णांक- 75

इकाई-एक (क) भारत माता : सुमित्रानंदन पंत  
(ख) कथन की शैलियाँ

1. विवरणात्मक शैली
2. मूल्यांकन शैली
3. व्याख्यात्मक शैली
4. विचारात्मक शैली

इकाई-दो (क) सूखी डाली : उपेन्द्रनाथ अशक  
(ख) विभिन्न संरचनाएँ

1. विनम्रता सूचक संरचना
2. विधि सूचक संरचना
3. निषेध परक संरचना
4. काल-बोधक संरचना
5. स्थान-बोधक संरचना
6. दिशा बोधक संरचना
7. कार्य-कारण सम्बन्ध संरचना
8. अनुक्रम संरचना

इकाई-तीन (क) वसीयत : मालती जोशी  
(ख) कार्यालयीन पत्र और आलेख

1. परिपत्र
2. आदेश
3. अधिसूचना
4. ज्ञापन
5. अनुस्मारक
6. पृष्ठांकन

इकाई-चार (क) योग की भाक्ति : हरिवंश राय बच्चन  
(ख) अनुवाद : स्वरूप एवं परिभाषा, उद्देश्य स्रोत भाषा और लक्ष्य भाषा, अच्छे अनुवाद की विशेषताएँ, अनुवाद प्रक्रिया, अनुवादक

इकाई-पांच (क) संस्कृति और राष्ट्रीय एकीकरण : योगेश अटल  
(ख) घटनाओं, समारोहों आदि का प्रतिवेदन, विभिन्न प्रकार के निमंत्रण पत्र।

मूल्यांकन योजना : प्रत्येक इकाई से एक-एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न में आंतरित विकल्प होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के 15 अंक होंगे। इसलिए प्रत्येक प्रश्न के दो भाग 'क' और 'ख' होंगे एवं अंक क्रमशः 8 एवं 7 अंक होंगे। प्रश्नपत्र का पूर्णांक 75 निर्धारित है।

**B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.H.Sc. Part III**

**Foundation Course**

**English Language**

**M.M. 75**

The question paper for B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.H.Sc. III Foundation course, English Language and General Answers shall comprise the following items : Five question to be attempted, each carrying 3 marks.

<b>UNIT-I</b>	Essay type answer in about 200 words. 5 essay type question to be asked three to be attempted.	<b>15</b>
<b>UNIT-II</b>	Essay writing	<b>10</b>
<b>UNIT-III</b>	Precise writing	<b>10</b>
<b>UNIT-IV</b>	(a) Reading comprehension of an unseen passage	<b>05</b>
	b) Vocabulary based on text	<b>10</b>
<b>UNIT-V</b>	Grammar Advanced Exercises	<b>25</b>

**Note:** Question on unit I and IV (b) shall be asked from the prescribed text. Which will comprise of popular create writing and the following items. Minimum needs housing and transport Geoeconomic profile of M.P. communication Educate and culture. Women and Worm in Empowerment Development. management of change, physical quality of life. War and human survival, the question of human social value survival, the question of human social value, new Economic Philosophy Recent Diberlialiation Method) Demoration decentralization (with reference to 73, 74 constitutional Amendment.

**Books Prescribed:**

Aspects of English Language and Development-Published by M.P. Hindi Granth Academy, Bhopal.

**SULLABUS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES "FOR UNDER GRADUATE COURSES"**

1. इन्वाहरमेन्टल साइंसेस के पाठ्यक्रम को स्नातक स्तर भाग-एक की कक्षाओं में विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान के निर्देशानुसार अनिवार्य रूप से शिक्षा सत्र 2003-2004 (परीक्षा 2004) से प्रभावशील किया गया है। स्वशासी महाविद्यालयों द्वारा भी अनिवार्य रूप से अंगीकृत किया जाएगा।  
**\*भाग 1, 2 एवं 3 में किसी भी वर्ष में पर्यावरण प्रश्न-पत्र उत्तीर्ण करना, अनिवार्य है। तभी उपाधि प्रदाय योग्य होगी।**
2. पाठ्यक्रम 100 अंकों का होगा, जिसमें से 75 अंकर सैद्धांतिक प्रश्नों पर होंगे एवं 25 अंक क्षेत्रीय कार्य (Field Work) पर होंगे।
3. सैद्धांतिक प्रश्नों पर अंक-75 (सभी प्रश्न इकाई आधार पर रहेंगे जिसमें आंतरिक विकल्प रहेगा)  
(अ) लघु प्रश्नोत्तर -25 अंक  
(ब) निबंधात्मक -50 अंक
4. Field Work - 25 अंकों का मूल्यांक आंतरिक मूल्यांकन पद्धति से कर विश्वविद्यालय को प्रेषित किया जावेगा। अभिलेखों की प्रयोगिक उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं के समान संबंधित महाविद्यालयों द्वारा सुरक्षित रखेंगे।
5. उपरोक्त पाठ्यक्रम से संबंधित परीक्षा का आयोजन वार्षिक परीक्षा के साथ किया जाएगा।
6. पर्यावरण विज्ञान विषय अनिवार्य विषय है, जिसमें अनुत्तीर्ण होने पर स्नातक स्तर भाग-एक के छात्र/छात्राओं को एक अन्य विषय के साथ पूरक की पात्रता होगी। पर्यावरण विज्ञान के सैद्धांतिक एवं फील्ड वर्क में संयुक्त रूप से 33% (तीस प्रतिशत) अंक उत्तीर्ण होने के लिए अनिवार्य होंगे।
7. स्नातक स्तर भाग-एक के समस्त नियमित/भूतपूर्व/अमहाविद्यालयीन छात्र/छात्राओं को अपना फील्ड वर्क सैद्धांतिक परीक्षा की समाप्ति के पश्चात् 10 (दस) दिनों के भीतर संबंधित महाविद्यालय/परीक्षा केन्द्र में जमा करेंगे एवं महाविद्यालय के प्राचार्य/केन्द्र अधिकाओं/परीक्षकों की नियुक्ति के लिए अधिकृत रहेंगे तथा फील्ड वर्क जमा होने के सात दिनों के भीतर प्राप्त अंक विश्वविद्यालय को भेजेंगे।



**SULLABUS FOR  
ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

**M.M. 100**

**UNIT-I THE MULTI DISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

Definition, Scope and Importance

**Natural Resources:**

**Renewable and Nonrenewable Resources :**

Natural resources and associated problems.

- (a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, Case Studies, Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.
- (b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods drought, conflicts over water, dams benefits and problems.
- (c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources. Case studies.
- (d) food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging , Case studies.
- (e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- (f) Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides soil erosion and desertification.
  - Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.
  - Equitable use of resources for sustainable life-styles.

**UNIT-II ECOSYSTEM**

**Concept, of an ecosystems.**

**Structure and Function of and ecosystem**

- Producers, consumers and decomposers.
- Energy flow in the ecosystem
- Ecological succession
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.
- Introduction, Types, Characteristics Features, Structure and Function of The following ecosystem:
  - a. Forest, Ecosystem.
  - b. Grassland ecosystem
  - c. Desert ecosystem
  - d. Aquatic ecosystems (Ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

**UNIT – III Biodiversity and its Conservation**

- Introduction – Definition : genetic, species and ecosystem diversity.
- Biogeographical classification of India.
- Value of biodiversity : consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values.
- Biodiversity at global, national and local levels.
- India as mega diversity nation.”
- Hot spots of biodiversity
- Threats to biodiversity : habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man/wildlife conflicts.
- Endangered and endemic species of india.
- Conservation of biodiversity : In situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

#### **UNIT-IV Environmental Pollution**

##### **Definition**

- Causes, effects and control measures of
  - a. Air pollution
  - b. Water pollution
  - c. soil pollution
  - d. Marine pollution
  - e. Noise pollution
  - g. Nuclear hazards.
- Solid waste management : Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial
- Wastes.
- Role of an individual in prevention of pollution.
- pollution case studies
- Disaster management : floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

##### **Human Population and the Environment**

- population growth, variation among nation,
- population explosion - Family Welfare programme.
- Environment and human health.
- Human Rights.

#### **UNIT - V Social Issues and the Environment**

- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development.
- urban problems related to energy.
- Water conservation. rain water harvesting watershed management.
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people, its problems and concerns. Case studies.
- Environmental ethics : Issues and possible solutions.
- Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone Layer depletion nuclear accidents and holocaust Case studies.
- Wasteland reclamation.
- Consumerism and Waste products. Environment Protection Act
- Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act.
- Water (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act.
- Wildlife protection Act.
- Forest Conservation Act.
- Issues involved in enforcement of Environment legislation.
- public awareness.
- Value Education
- HIV/AIDS
- Women and Child Welfare.
- Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human Health.
- Case Studies.

#### **FIELD WORK**

- visit to a local area to document environmental assets- river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain.
- visit to local polluted site : urban/Rural/Industrial/Agriculture. Study of common plants, insects, birds.
- Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes. etc. (Field work Equal to 5 lecture Hours)

## REFERENCES:

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  2. Bharucha Erach the Biodiversity of India Mapin publishing Pvt Ltd. Ahmedabad 380013. India Email : Mapin@icenet.net
  3. Bruinner R.C. 1989 Hazardous Waste Incineration Mc Graw Hill Inc. 480p.
  4. Clark R.S. Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford (TB).
  5. Cuningham, W.P, Cooper T.H. Gorhani, E& Hepworth. M.T.200.
  6. Dr A.K. Environmental Chemisry, Wiley Estern Ltd.
  7. Down to Earth Centre for Science and Environment
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  11. Jadhav H. & Bhosale, V.H. 1965 Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House. Delhi 284p.
  12. Mckinney M.L. & School R.M. 1996. Environmental Science Systems & Solutions, Web enhanced editio. 639p.
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  16. Rao M.N. & Datta A.K. 1987. Waste Water Treatment. Oxford & IBH Publ. co. Pvt. Ltd. 345p.
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  19. Townsend C. Harper J. and Michael Begon Essentials of Ecology, Blackwll science (T.B).
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  21. Trivedi R.K. and P.K. Goel, Introduction to air pollution, Tchno Science Publlication (T.B.).
  22. Wagner K.D., 1998, Environmental Management. W.B. Saunders Co. Philadelphia,USA499p.]
- (M) Magazine  
(TB) Textbook. (R) Reference

**B.A. Part-III**  
**SOCIOLOGY**  
**PAPER-I**  
**FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT**

- UNIT-I** August Comte: The Law of Three Stages, Positivism, and Hierarchy of Science.  
Durkheim: Social Solidarity and Suicide.
- UNIT-II** Karl Marx: Dialectic Materialism, Class Struggle and Surplus value.  
Max Weber: Bureaucracy, Authority and the Protestant Ethic and the spirit of Capitalism.
- UNIT-III** Pareto: Circulation of Elites, Logical, and Non-logical action.  
Spencer: Social Darwinism, super organic evolutions.
- UNIT-IV** Torstein Veblen: The Theory of Leisure Class, Theory of Social Change.  
R. K. Morton: Functionalism and Reference Group.
- UNIT-V** Development of Sociological thought in India: -  
Mahatma Gandhi: Ahimsa, Satyagrah and Trusteeship.  
Radhakamal Mukherjee: The Concept of Value.

**ESSENTIAL READINGS -**

1. Barres, H.E.: Introduction to the sociology, Chicago the university of Chicago press 1959
2. Coser, Lewis A.: Master of sociological thought, New York Harcourt Brace Jovanovich 1979
3. Singh, Yogendra- Indian sociology: social conditioning and emerging trends New Delhi Vistaar 1986
4. Zeitlin, Irving- (Indian edition) Rethinking sociology: A critique of contemporary theory, Jorapur Rawl 1999

**B.A. Part-III  
SOCIOLOGY  
PAPER-II  
METHODS OF SOCIAL RESEARCH**

- UNIT-I** Social Research: Meaning, Characteristics and Significance.  
Scientific methods, Hypothesis.
- UNIT-II** Qualitative Research: Ethnography, Observation, Case Study, Content analysis.
- UNIT-III** Research design: Explanatory, Descriptive, Explanatory, Experimental, and Diagnostic.
- UNIT-IV** Tools and Techniques of Social Research: Social Survey, Sampling, Questionnaire, Interview - Schedule and Interview - Guide.
- UNIT-V** Social Statistics: Meaning, Importance and Limitations.  
Graphs, Diagrams and Measures of Central Tendency- Mean, Mode, Median, Correlation, Use of Computer in Social Research.

**ESSENTIAL READINGS**

1. Young, P.V. (1977). Scientific Social Surveys and Research
2. Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi.
3. Bruce, C., & Margaret, M. (1993). Approaches to Social Research. New York: Oxford University Press
4. Cohen, M., & Nagel, E. (1944). An Introduction to Logic and Scientific Method. New York: Harcourt, Brace & Company.
5. Forces, D., & Richer, S. (1973). Social Research Methods. Cliffs: Englewood, Cliffs, NJ. Printinh Hall.
6. Moser, C.A. (1962). Survey Methods in Social Research Investigation. London: Heinemann Printce Hall.
7. Goode, & Hatt. (1952). Methods in Social Research. New York: McGraw-Hill Publishers.

अनुशंसित ग्रंथ :

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|---|---|---|
| 1. डी.सी.सरकार  | — | इंडियन एपिग्राफी                        |
| 2. डी.सी.सरकार  | — | सेलेक्ट इन्सक्रिप्शन्स भाग 1 व 2        |
| 3. एस.एच.दानी   | — | इंडियन पैलियोग्राफी                     |
| 4. वासुदेव बाजपेयी  | — | प्राचीन भारतीय अभिलेखों का अध्यय        |
| 5. कृष्णदत्त बाजपेयी, कन्हैयालाल अग्रवाल संतोष कुमार बाजपेयी—ऐतिहासिक भारतीय अभिलेख |   |   |
| 6. परमेश्वरी लाल गुप्ता   | — | प्राचीन भारतीय मुद्राएँ                 |
| 7. डी.सी.सरकार  | — | स्टडीज एवं इंडियन क्वाएन्स              |
| 8. ए.के.शरण   | — | ट्राइबल क्वाएन्स                        |
| 9. भास्कर चट्टोपाध्याय  | — | द एज ऑफ दि कुषाणजःए न्यूमिस्मेटिक स्टडी |
| 10. ए.एस. अल्तेकर   | — | गुप्तकालीन मुद्राएँ                     |
| 11. राजवंत राव  | — | प्राचीन भारतीय मुद्राएँ                 |

प्रायोगिक तथा मौखिक परीक्षा

पूर्णांक — 50

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|--|-------|--------|
| 1. किसी महत्वपूर्ण पुरातात्विक/ऐतिहासिक स्थान का भ्रमण एवं विवरण प्रस्तुति | —     | 20 अंक |
| 2. पुरावस्तुओं की पहचान  | —     | 20 अंक |
| 3. मौखिकी  | —     | 10 अंक |
|  | योग — | 50 अंक |

बी. ए. भाग-3

B.A. Part III

राजनीति विज्ञान

Political Science

प्रथम प्रश्नपत्र : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति एवं भारत की विदेश नीति

Paper I : International Politics and Foreign Policy of India

- इकाई-1 अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति : अर्थ, प्रकृति, क्षेत्र ।  
अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति : अध्ययन उपागम – यथार्थवाद, आदर्शवाद, नवयथार्थवाद, विश्व व्यवस्था सिद्धान्त । राष्ट्रीय हित एवं राष्ट्रीय शक्ति : अर्थ, परिभाषा एवं तत्त्व ।
- UNIT -I International Politics: meaning, Nature, Scope. International Politics: Approaches to the study: Realism, Idealism, New realism, World System theory. National interest and National power: Meaning Definition and Elements.
- इकाई-2 अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के विभिन्न सिद्धान्त : व्यवस्था, खेल, निर्णय निर्माण,सौदेबाजी का सिद्धान्त ।  
शक्ति संतुलन । सामूहिक सुरक्षा । निशस्त्रीकरण । शीतयुद्ध । राजनय ।
- UNIT-II Various theories of International Politics: System, Game, Decision making, Bargaining theory. Balance of Power, Collective Security, Disarmament, Cold war, Diplomacy.
- इकाई-3 भारत की विदेश नीति : निर्धारक तत्त्व, विशेषताएं। गुटनिरपेक्षता : अर्थ, विशेषताएं, प्रासंगिकता ।
- UNIT-III Foreign Policy of India: Determinating elements, characteristics. Non-alignment: meaning, features , relevance.
- इकाई-4 भारत का पड़ोसियों से सम्बंध –चीन,पाकिस्तान,नेपाल,श्रीलंका। भारत का महाशक्तियों से सम्बंध – संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, रुस, ब्रिटेन एवं फ्रांस
- UNIT-IV Indias' relations with neighboring countries: China , Pakistan, Nepal, Sri lanka, Relations with Super Powers - USA, Russia, Britain and France.
- इकाई-5 अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के कुछ प्रमुख मुद्दे : पर्यावरणवाद । अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय आतंकवाद । वैश्वीकरण । मानव अधिकार । परमाणविक निशस्त्रीकरण ।
- UNIT-V Some major issues of International Politics:  
Environmentalism, International Terrorism, Globalisation, Human Rights, Nuclear Disarmament.

बी.ए.अंतिम वर्ष  
प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र  
अंतर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति एवं भारत की विदेश नीति

सन्दर्भ ग्रन्थ सूची:-

क्र	पुस्तक का नाम	लेखक का नाम
1.	अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सैद्धान्तिक पक्ष	महेन्द्र कुमार
2.	अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार	यू.आर.घई
3.	अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति सिद्धान्त समकालिन एवं मुद्दे	बी.एल. फाडिया
4.	अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध	पुष्पेन्द्र पन्थ
5.	अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध	दीनानाथ बर्मा
6.	थीयरी ऑफ इन्टरनेशनल पालिटिक्स	के.वाल्टज
7.	इन्टरनेशनल रिलेशन्स	जे.गोल्ड स्टीन
8.	द इन्टरनेशनल पालिटिक्स	पी.कलवरठ
9.	इन्टरनेशनल रिलेशन्स	सी.ब्राउन
10.	समकालीन विश्व एवं भारत	अरूणोदय बाजपेयी

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- Joshua S. Goldstein & Jon C. Pevehouse, **'International Relations'** 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2002
- J. W. Burton, **'International Relations: A General Theory'**, Cambridge University Press, New York, 1965.
- M.S. Agwani, **Détente: Perspectives and Repercussions**, New Delhi: Vikas, 1975
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- Hans J. Morgenthau, **Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace**, Calcutta, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1972
- Mahendra Kumar, **Theoretical Aspects of International Politics**



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- Paul Kennedy, **Preparing for the Twenty-First Century**, New York, 1993
- Hutchings, Kimbley, **International Political Theory**, Sage, New Delhi, 2002
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- Robert Jackson and Georg Sørensen, **Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches**, Oxford University Press, 2003
- Joshua S. Goldstein & Jon C. Pevehouse, '**International Relations**' 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- J. W. Burton, '**International Relations: A General Theory**', Cambridge University Press, New York, 1965.
- John Baylis & Steve Smith, '**Globalization of World Politics**' OUP, U.S.A. & Delhi, 2008.

बी. ए. भाग-3  
B. A. Part III  
राजनीति विज्ञान  
Political Science  
द्वितीय प्रश्नपत्र : लोक प्रशासन  
Paper: II : Public Administration

- इकाई-1 लोक प्रशासन : अर्थ, परिभाषा, प्रकृति, क्षेत्र । लोक प्रशासन और निजी प्रशासन। अध्ययन पद्धतियां। नवीन लोक प्रशासन । तुलनात्मक लोक प्रशासन।
- UNIT-I Public Administration: meaning and definition, nature, scope. Public Administration and Private Administration. Method of Studies. New Public Administration. Comparative Public Administration.
- इकाई-2 संगठन के सिद्धान्त : पदसोपान, नियंत्रण का क्षेत्र, आदेश की एकता, प्रत्यायोजन ।  
मुख्य कार्यपालिका। सूत्र एवं स्टाफ अभिकरण । विभागीय संगठन, लोक निगम कार्मिक प्रशासन : भर्ती, पदोन्नति , प्रशिक्षण ।
- UNIT-II Principles of Organisation: Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Delegation. Chief Executive. Line and Staff Agencies. Departmental Organisation. Public Corporation. Personnel Administration: Recruitment, Promotion, Training.
- इकाई-3 विकास प्रशासन : प्रकृति, मुद्दे और विशेषताएं । रिग्स मॉडल । प्रशासन में नागरिक सहभागिता ।  
सुशासन और ई शासन । संघ लोक सेवा आयोग ।
- UNIT-III Development Administration: Nature, Issues, Characteristics.Riggs Model.  
Public participation in Administration.Good Governance and e- Governance. Union Public Service Commission.
- इकाई-4 वित्तीय प्रशासन : बजट के सिद्धान्त। भारत में बजट प्रक्रिया। भारत में प्रशासनिक सुधार ।  
प्रशासन पर कार्यपालिका, विधायी, न्यायिक और जन नियन्त्रण ।

**UNIT-IV** Financial Administration: Principles of Budget. Budget procedure in India. Administrative reforms in India. Executive, Legislative, Judicial and Public Control on Administration.

**इकाई-5** प्रशासन में भ्रष्टाचार : आम्बुड्समैन, लोकपाल और लोक आयुक्त ।  
वैश्वीकरण के युग में लोक प्रशासन । उदारीकरण । नौकरशाही । लोक सम्पर्क ।

**UNIT-V** Corruption in Administration: Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lok Ayukta.  
Public Administration in the age of Globalisation. Liberalisation. Bureaucracy. Public Relation.

**संदर्भ ग्रंथ सूची:-**

क्र	पुस्तक का नाम	लेखक का नाम
1.	लोक प्रशासन	अवस्था और माहेश्वरी
2.	लोक प्रशासन सिद्धांत एवं व्यवहार	सुषमा यादव और बलराम गौतम-(सम्पा)
3.	तुलनात्मक लोक प्रशासन	रमेश अरोड़ा
4.	लोक प्रशासन सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार	पी.डी. शर्मा और हरीषचन्द्र शर्मा
5.	वित्त प्रशासन	गौतम पद्मनाम
6.	लोक प्रशासन के सिद्धांत	सी.पी. भामरी
7.	प्रशासनिक सिद्धान्त	अवस्थी और अवस्थी

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**B. A. Part- III  
ECONOMICS  
PAPER-I  
DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS**

- UNIT -I** Economic Growth and Development: Factor affecting economic growth (Labour, capital and technology). Developed and under developed Economy. Poverty-absolute & relative. Marxian model of Economic Growth, Mahalanobis Model of Economic Growth. Balanced and unbalanced growth.
- UNIT-II** Problems of Population and growth pattern of population. Theory of demographic transition. Population, poverty and environment. Schumpeter's theory of economic growth. Theory of Big-Push, Nelson's theory of low-level income equilibrium trap. Theory of Critical minimum efforts.
- UNIT-III** Harrod and Domar growth model, Solow's model of economic growth, Meade's Neo classical models. Mrs. Joan Robinson's growth model. A. Lewis theory of unlimited supply of labour.
- UNIT-IV** Environment: Environmental and use, environmental disruption as an allocation, problem, valuation of environmental damages- land, water, air & forest, prevention control and abatement of pollution, choice of policy instruments in developing countries, environmental legislation, indicators of sustainable development, environmental accounting
- UNIT-V** Concept of Intellectual Capital : Food Security, Education, Health & Nutrition. Role of agriculture in economic development, Land reforms, Efficiency & Productivity in Agriculture, new technology & Sustainable agriculture, Globalization & agriculture growth, the choice of technique appropriate technology & employment.

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**B. A. Part- III  
ECONOMICS  
PAPER-II  
STATISTICAL METHODS**

- UNIT-I**      Statistics: Definition of Statistics. Importance and Limitations of Statistics. Importance of Statistics in Economics. Statistical investigation. Census and sampling methods of statistical investigation. Statistical data. Collections of Data. Primary & Secondary Data.
- UNIT-II**      Measuring of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode, measures of Skewness, Probability-basic concepts meaning and definitions
- UNIT-III**     Dispersion: Meaning of Dispersion. Methods of measuring Dispersion. Range, Quartiles Deviation, Mean Deviation, Coefficient of Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation.
- UNIT-IV**     Correlation Analysis: Meaning and types of correlation. Degree of correlation. Coefficient of correlation-Karl Pearson's Method, Spearman's Rank Difference Method. Probable error and standard error.
- UNIT-V**      Index Number- Methods of constructing of Index Numbers. Fisher's methods, Dorbish-Bowles method, Peaches method, Laspeyres method, Consumer price index numbers, Reversal test, Circular Test, Time series analysis-Meaning, Components of time series, Measurement of long term trend by average method.

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